

Assessing Corporate Sustainability Performance of Business Models

HOW BUSINESS MODEL INNOVATION DRIVES A SUCCESSFUL SUSTAINABLE BUSINESS STRATEGY?

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Why this study (BMfS)

- **Sustainability matters!**
 - Convince Enterprises to reduce, reuse, recycle and re-engineer for sustainability.
- **Studies show that Innovation at the business model level can lead to improved sustainability performance (Nidumolu et al. 2009; Breiby & Wanberg 2011; Kiron et al. 2013; Pansera & Randles 2013; Morioka et al. 2016; Varadarajan 2017):**
 - What is the link between business model innovation (BMI) (Amit & Zott 2012) and corporate sustainability performance (CSP) (Searcy 2011)?
- **What if we could examine the business model (BM) (Teece 2017) and associated corporate sustainability performance (CSP) (Searcy 2011)?**
 - Maybe some business models (BMs) outperform others?
- **Can only manage what is measured (Bansal & Song 2017):**
 - Are we measuring what matters?

Research Design – Phase I

- Sustainable Business Models (SBM)
- Corporate Sustainability Performance (CSP)
- Business Model Innovation (BMI)

Exploratory Systematic
Literature Review using
Thematic Analysis

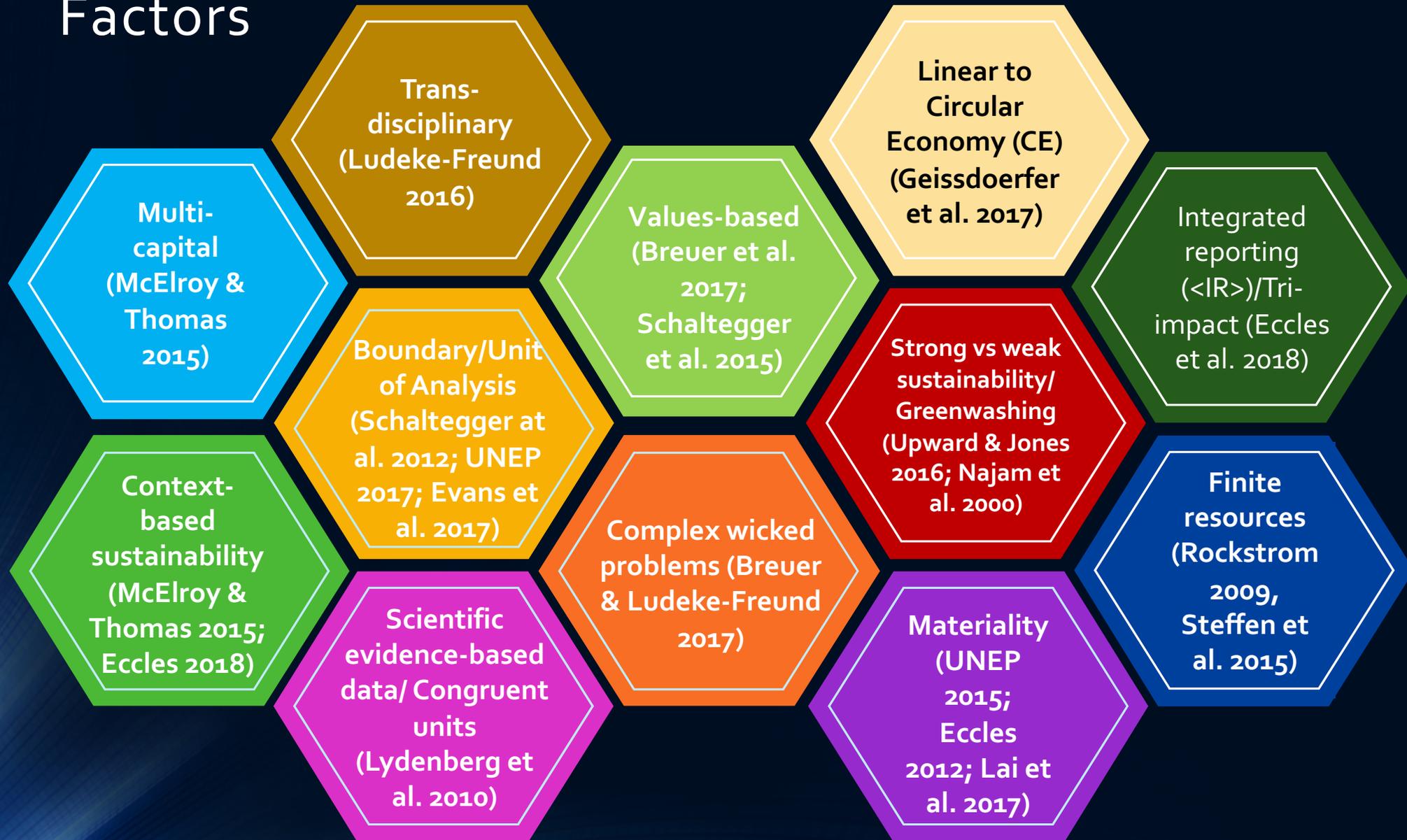
Definitions

- **Business Model (BM):** Teece (2017) (“architecture to create, capture & deliver value”)
- **Sustainable Business Model (SBM):** Schaltegger et al. (2012) (“sustainable business model patterns capture the similarities of business models for sustainability that are repeatedly followed”)
- **Business Model Innovation (BMI):** Amit & Zott (2012); Clauss (2016) (“systems-level thinking: modified activity system recombining supply/delivery chain resources”)
- **Business Strategy:** Mintzberg (2007) (“business pattern in action”)
- **Corporate Sustainability Performance (CSP):** Nicolăescu et al. (2015); Searcy (2011) (“inclusion of social and environmental concerns in business operations”)
- **Sustainable Development (SD):** UNEP (2015) (“*Brundtland Report*”) (“the ability to meet the needs of the present without compromising the needs of future generations”)

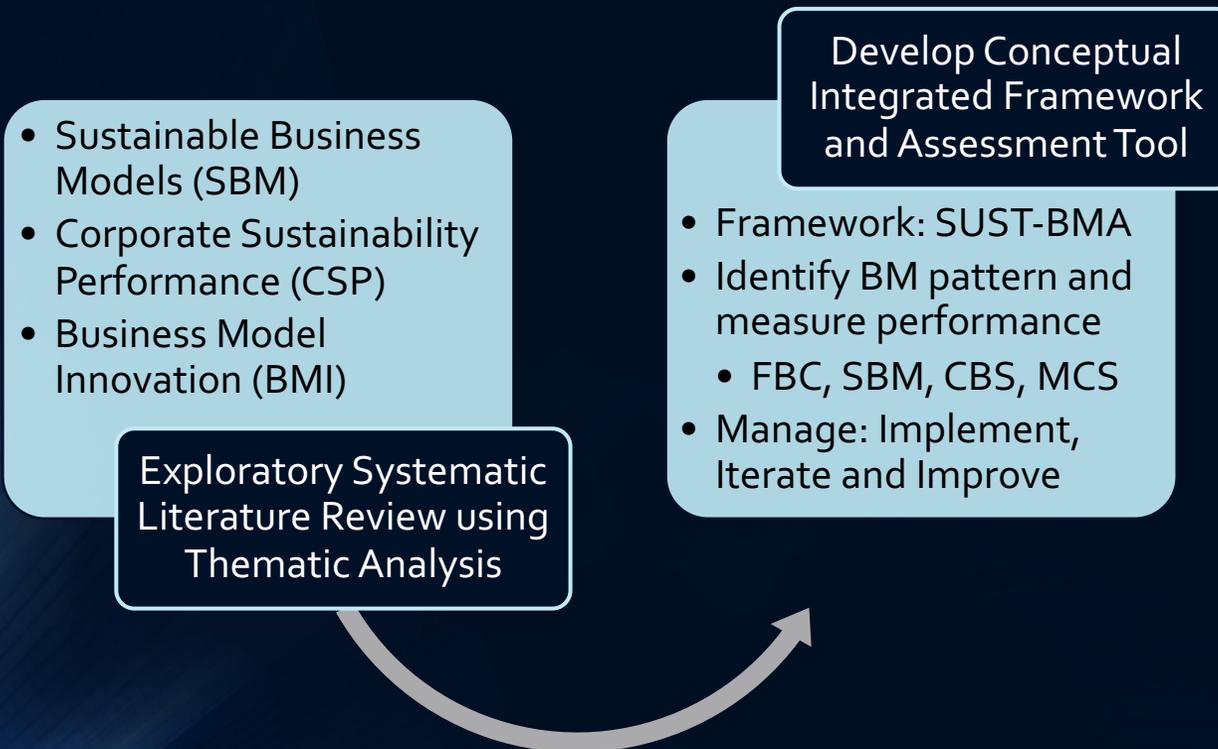
Factors



Factors



Research Design – Phase II



Frameworks



Upward & Jones (2016)

2018 MultiCapital Scorecard for Company ABC

BOTTOM LINES	AREAS OF IMPACT	CAPITAL IMPACTS	Vital capitals*				Area of impact (AOI) bottom line (C/D)	TRIPLE BOTTOM LINE SCORES
			Progression score	Weight	Weighted score (AxB)	Fully sustainable score (Bx3)		
Social	Living wage	■	2	1	2	3	1	67%
	Workplace safety	■ ■ ■	3	5	15	15	0	100%
	Innovative capacity	■ ■ ■	1	2	2	6	4	33%
Economic	Equity	■	0	5	0	15	15	0%
	Debt	■	-1	1	-1	3	4	-33%
	Competitive practices	■ ■	2	1	2	3	1	67%
Environmental	Water supplies	■	3	3	9	9	0	100%
	Solid waste	■	2	2	4	6	2	67%
	The climate system	■	2	5	10	15	5	67%
OVERALL PERFORMANCE					43	75	32	57%

Clinton, L., & Whisnant, R. (2014). Model Behavior—20 Business model innovations for sustainability. *SustainAbility, London*.

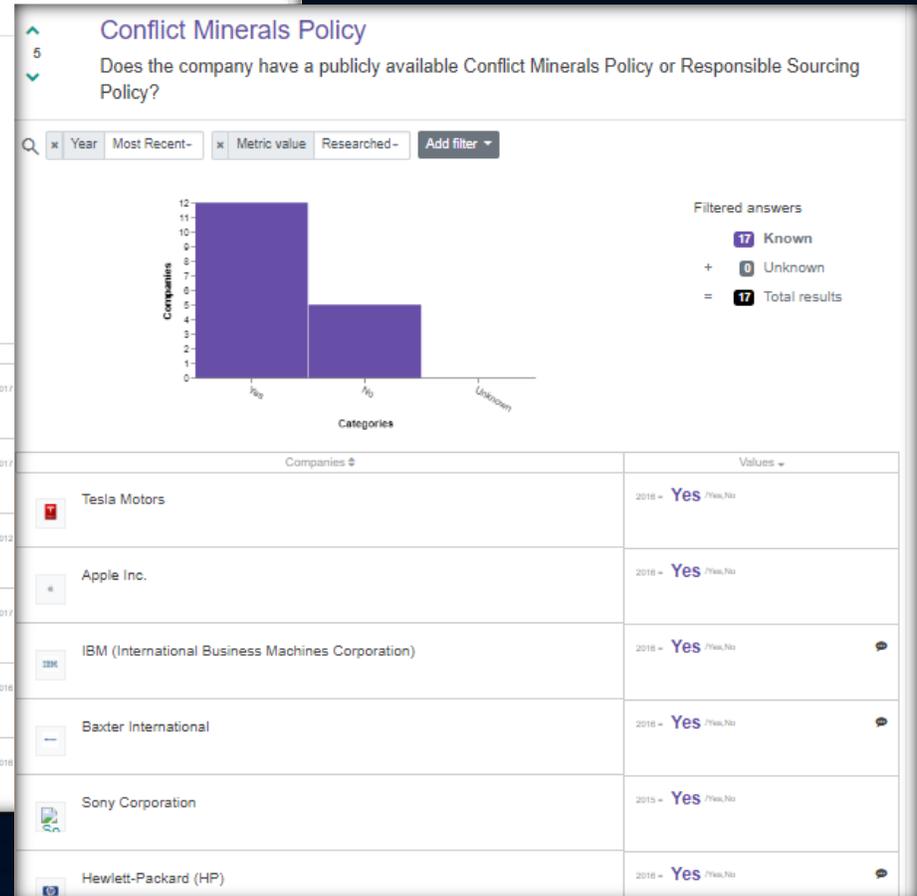
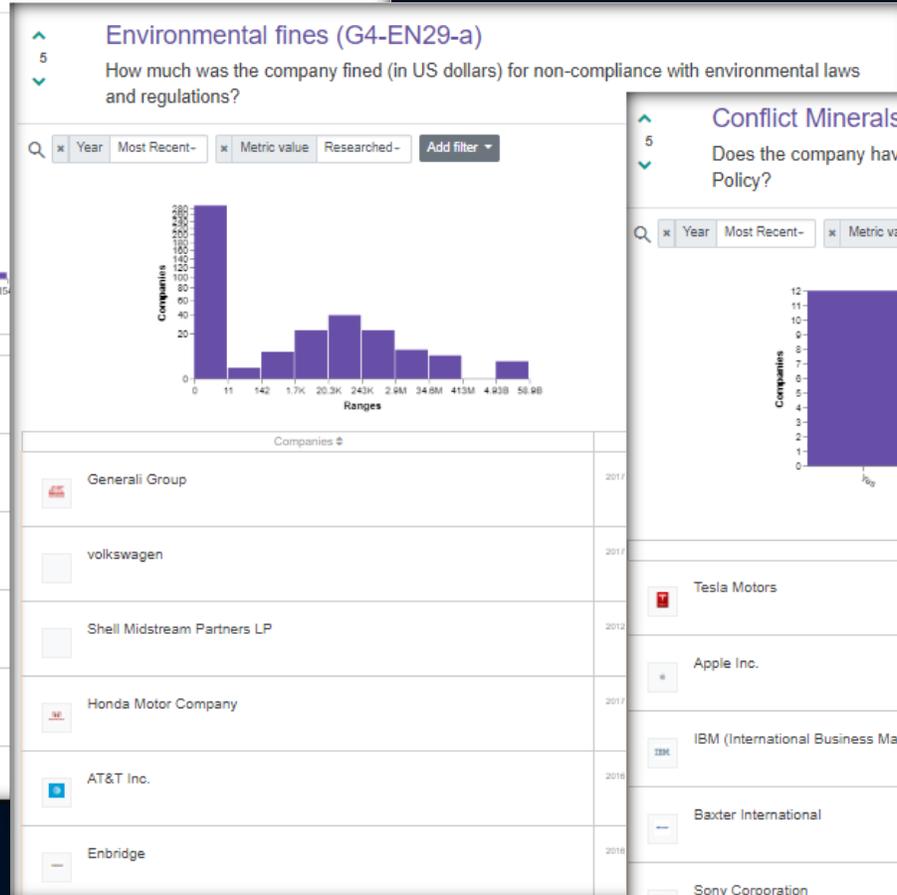
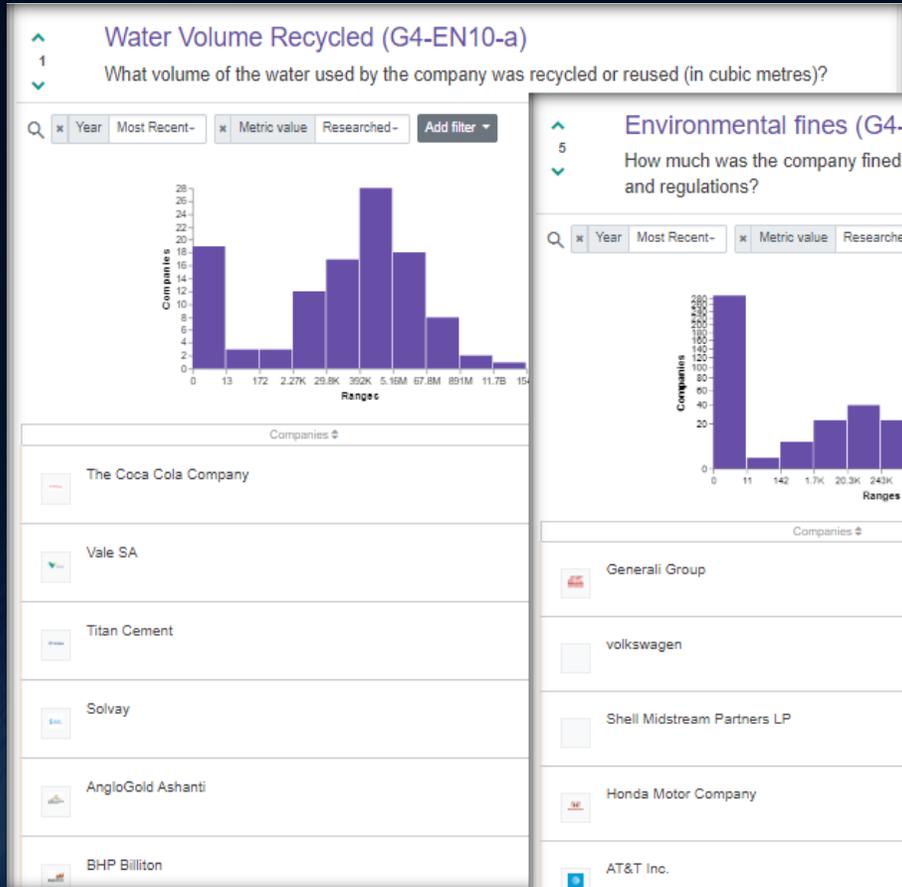
Clinton, L., & Whisnant, R. (2014). Model Behavior—20 Business model innovations for sustainability. *SustainAbility, London*.

Jenkins, B., Ishikawa, E., Geaneotes, A., Baptista, P., & Masuoka, T. (2011). Accelerating inclusive business opportunities: Business models that make a

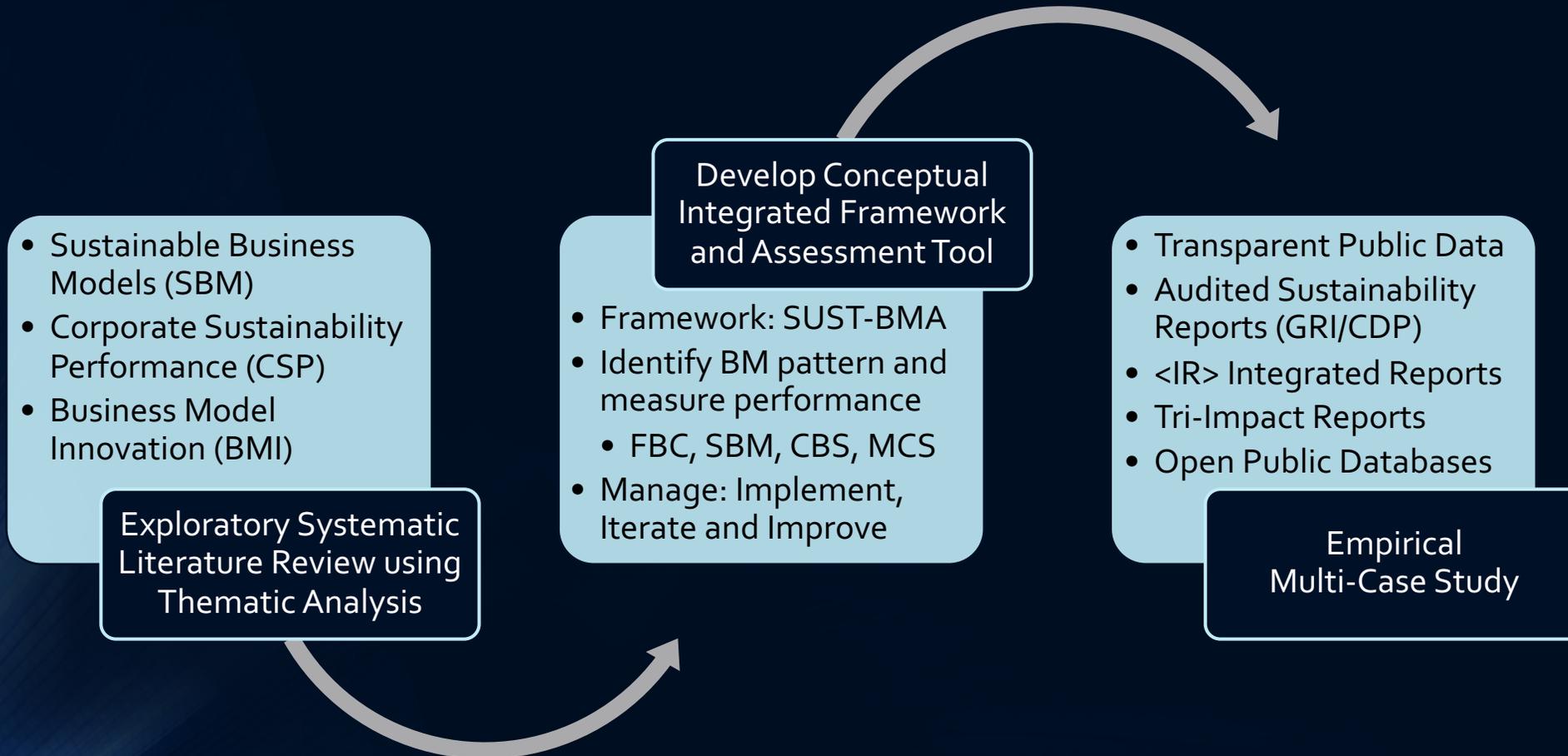
McElroy (2012)

Carroux (2017)

Tools



Research Design – Phase III



Example: ExxonMobil <IR> study

Constructing ExxonMobil's First Integrated Report: An Experiment

Robert G. Eccles and Michael P. Krzus

March 21, 2018

Abstract

While interest in integrated reporting is growing, the number of listed companies issuing such reports remains a very small minority. Common concerns expressed by companies include complexity, cost, and litigation risk. To address these concerns, we decided to conduct an experiment answering the question of "Is it possible and, if so, how difficult would it be to construct an integrated report for a company based on information from documents the company has placed in the public domain?" For our experiment we chose ExxonMobil. We were able to construct a decent integrated report for the year 2016 in about 40 hours. This suggests that the concerns companies have about integrated reporting are exaggerated. We are working to develop an "Integrated Report Generator Tool (IRGT)" that will use natural language processing and artificial intelligence technologies to produce an integrated report for any listed company in the world. These reports would be freely available. If we are successful in developing such a tool, an interim technology solution will solve the problem of the dearth of integrated reports. Ideally, these freely available integrated reports will encourage companies to produce their own.

Eccles & Krzus (2018)

Sustainability Performance Scorecard



Enterprise	Industry (ICB)	SBM pattern # [1..45]	SPI score [0..1]	Sustainable [Y/N]
Johnson & Johnson	Pharmaceutical	32	0.768	Y
Apple	Technology	14	0.625	Y
Unilever	Household Goods	07	0.891	Y
PepsiCo	Consumer Goods	27	0.503	Y
Pfizer	Health Care	45	1.106	N
Deutsche Bank	Financial Services	39	1.282	N

SPI Score: $0 < \text{score} \leq 1$ means sustainable enterprise [Y], $\text{score} > 1$ means NOT a sustainable enterprise [N]. Some Enterprises exhibit multiple business models. Comprehensive composite scores are possible across several material topics. Illustrative SBM pattern based on Carroux (2017) and SPI score based on MCS (McElroy 2014).

Conclusion – Where from here...the vision

- Investigate the link between BMI and SPM of an enterprise
- Encourage business to transform their business model for sustainable success
- Holy grail of modern business
- Leapfrog ahead bypassing high carbon emission industries

*"Innovation is important.
It's the only insurance
against irrelevance."*

- Morris D Fedeli

Thank you

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